



ARNOLD ARBORETUM — WELD HILL RESEARCH BUILDING 1300 Centre St, Boston MA, 02131

The Arnold Arboretum, owned by Harvard University since 1922, has developed a Research and Administration Building on what is known as "Weld Hill" in Boston, MA. The project is the new construction of a 45,000 square foot, two-story building on a small portion of a 14.2 acre parcel. The building includes office space, research/laboratory rooms, lab support rooms, plant growth chambers, conference rooms, and twelve greenhouses. The state-of-the-art greenhouse and laboratory facility is intended to strengthen Harvard and the Arboretum's botanical research capabilities. The building houses 48 researchers and assistants, in addition to staff in administrative offices.



The parcel is bounded by Weld Street, Walter Street, and Centre Street in the Jamaica Plain neighborhood – access to and egress from the site is via Centre Street. The project team worked to minimize the impact of the project on the land and the surrounding neighborhood both during construction and at occupancy. After construction, the site was restored to its original landscape of meadow and trees for neighbors to use and enjoy.

is the new Crimson

LEED NC V2.1

LEED GOLD

2011

Overarching goals and priorities for the project included creating a healthy and productive workspace that minimizes environmental impacts and maximizes energy-efficiency. Weld Hill achieved LEED-NC v2.1 Gold certification.

Weld Hill Research Building Photo: Jay Connor, Arnold Arboretum

PROJECT HIGHLIGHTS

LEED[®] Facts

Arnold Arboretum—Weld Hill Harvard University 2011

Location1300 Centre St Boston, MA 02131 Rating System
Certification AchievedGold
Total Points Achieved43/69
Sustainable Sites9/14
Water Efficiency4/5
Energy and Atmosphere6/17
Materials and Resources6/13
Indoor Environmental Quality13/15
Innovation and Design5/5

30%

reduction in annual energy cost compared to a ASHRAE 90.1-1999 baseline

- **42%** reduction of water use compared to an EPAct 1992 baseline
- 95%

of the total percentage of construction waste was diverted from landfills

100% reduction in potable water use for irrigation





PROJECT OVERVIEW

WELD HILL RESEARCH BUILDING - WEST FLOOR PLAN



Project Team				
Owner	Harvard University			
Architect	Kling Stubbins			
Contractor	Lee Kennedy Co., Inc.			
MEP Engineer	Cosentini Engineers			
Commission- ing Authority	Facility Dynamics Engineering			
Sustainability Consultant	The Green Engineer			
Peer Review	Harvard Green Building Services			

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Arnold Arboretum

http://arboretum.harvard.edu/

Weld Hill Research Facility http://arboretum.harvard.edu/research/weld-hill/

Weld Hill LEED Certification Announcement http://arboretum.harvard.edu/green-buildingcertification/

Harvard Green Building Services http://green.harvard.edu/green-building-services

Harvard Green Building Resource http://green.harvard.edu/theresource

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LANDSCAPE AND VEGETATION

The Weld Hill Research and Administration Building at the Arnold Arboretum achieved LEED credits WE 1.1 & 1.2 because it does not require using potable water for irrigation, and no permanent irrigation system was installed on the site. The planting design replaces the pre-existing drought tolerant meadow after disturbance. In contrast to lawn, vegetation such as native shrubs, canopy trees, and understory trees, do not require irrigation during typical rainfall. These efforts resulted in a 100 % reduction in overall potable water use.





Weld Hill Site Plan Photo: Kling Stubbins

Weld Hill Research Building Photo: Jay Connor, Arnold Arboretum

DROUGHT	TOLERANT	ΝΔΤΙΛΕ	SHRUBS
DROUGHT	TOLLNANT	INAIIVL	JHRODJ.

CLETHRA	(CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA)
WINTERBERYY	(IIIEX VERTICILLATA)
BAYBERRY	(Myrica Pensylvanica)
JETBEAD	(RHODOYPOS SCANDENS)

DROUGHT TOLERANT NATIVE CANOPY TREES:

RED MAPLE (ACER RUBRUM) SUGAR MAPLE (ACER SUCCHARUM) COFFEETREE (GYMNOCLADUS DIOCUS) RED OAK (QUERCUS RUBRA)

DROUGHT TOLERANT UNDERSTORY TREES:

SHADBLOW(Amelanchier Arborea)REDBUD(Cercis Canadensis)WITCHHAZEL(Hamanelis vernalis)CRABAPPLES(Malus Sp.)



Photo Credit: Google Images





ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Harvard University has committed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions 30% below 2006 levels by 2016, inclusive of growth. Therefore energy efficiency was a main goal of this renovation project.

MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

ECM 1: GSHP—Ground Source Heat Pump

Eighty-eight ground-source wells were drilled on the project site. This closed-loop system provides an efficient heat sink for the heat pumps to heat and cool the building, effectively using the energy in the ground to help condition the building.

ECM 2: Lab Ventilation

The project team worked with Harvard Environmental Health and Safety Group to reduce ventilation rates below the standard 10 air changes per hour (ACH) to 6 ACH during occupied times and 2 ACH during unoccupied times

ECM 3: Lab Shut Downs

The lab spaces are designed so that individual sections of the lab can be fully shut down when that section has been vacated and is awaiting a new user group

ECM 4: Commissioning

The mechanical and electrical systems have been fully commissioned by a third-party Commissioning Authority, which ensured that all energy-related systems were installed as designed, and operating efficiently prior to occupancy.

ECM 5: Renewable Energy

Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) have been purchased from Sterling Planet (wind power) equivalent to 100% of the estimated electricity consumption over two years.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

ECM 1: Plug Loads

Energy Star equipment was selected for all equipment in the building, which includes refrigerators, computers and printers.

ECM 2: Lighting Controls

Each space has overhead lighting controlled by multiple switches/zones and each desk has either under-counter task lights or desk lamps for multiple lighting levels based on different needs. The project's lighting design allows occupants to adjust the lighting to suit their individual preferences, which not only increases occupant productivity and comfort, but also decreases energy use.

ECM 3: Lighting Sensors

Thirty-three individual occupancy sensors have been installed, shutting off the lights and saving energy when nobody is in the room. Lights near perimeter windows are controlled by daylight sensors, dimming lights and saving energy when natural light is sufficient.

ECM 4: Light Fixtures

Energy-efficient and low-mercury fluorescent lighting fixtures and lamps were carefully chosen and strategically located within each space to reduce electricity consumption while maintaining adequate lighting levels for each type of space.



Sloan EHD-501 Bathroom Dryer ®



Task Lighting



Heat Recovery Wheel



Occupancy Sensor

Please note that while many products are described in this project profile, these are provided for informational purposes only to show a representative sample of what was included in this project. Harvard University and its affiliates do not specifically endorse nor recommend any of the products listed in this project profile and may not be used in commercial or political materials, advertisements, emails, products, promotions that in any way suggests approval or endorsement of Harvard University.



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WATER EFFICIENCY







Sloan ETF-80® Bathroom Faucet .5 gpm flow rate

Symmons 1-117-FS® Shower Fixture 1.6 gpm flow rate

Sloan WES-1000 ® Bathroom Urinal 0 gpf flush rate

RECYCLED / REGIONAL MATERIALS



Kaswell Wood Flooring (Red Oak)® 100% salvaged wood 100% pre-consumer recycled content



Naturalite Skylight® 50% pre-consumer recycle content 25% post-consumer recycled content



Landscape Steel Edging ® 100% pre-consumer recycled content

INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY - PAINTS AND ADHESIVES



Wood Pride - Clear Varnish 182 VOC content 350 VOC limit Green Seal approved



Lifemaster - Primer 0 VOC content 50 VOC limit Green Seal approved



BASF - Lapidolith 0 VOC content 420 VOC limit Green Seal approved



Pecora - Urexpan NR200 0 VOC content 250 VOC limit SCAQMD approved



LA-Co - Slic-Tite with Teflon 0 VOC content 250 VOC limit SCAQMD approved

PRO
0578

DOW - Insulating Sealant 0 VOC content 420 VOC limit Green Seal approved

Photo Credit: All photos were taken from the manufacture's website

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BOSTON, MA, US

Certification Level: Gold

Certification Date: 2012.01.31

BUILDING CO
LEED USGBC

Credit 6

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Green Power

LEED for New Construction

43	Points Achieved Possible Points					69	
	Certified 26 to 32 points Silver 33 to 38 points Gold 39 to 51 points Platinum 52 or more points						
9	Sustainable Sites Possible Points:		14	6	Materials & Re	sources Possible Points	13
					-		
Y	Prereq 1	Erosion & Sedimentation Control		Y	Prereq 1	Storage & Collection of Recyclables	
1	Credit 1	Site Selection	1		Credit 1.1	Building Reuse, Maintain 75% of Existing Walls, Floors, & Roof	1
	Credit 2	Urban Redevelopment	1		Credit 1.2	Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Walls, Floors, & Roof	1
	Credit 3	Brownfield Redevelopment	1		Credit 1.3	Building Reuse, Maintain 100% Shell & 50% Non-Shell	1
1	Credit 4.1	Alternative Transportation, Public Transportation Access	1	1	Credit 2.1	Construction Waste Management, Divert 50% from Landfill	1
1	Credit 4.2	Alternative Transportation, Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms	1	1	Credit 2.2	Construction Waste Management, Divert 75% from Landfill	1
1	Credit 4.3	Alternative Transportation, Alternative Fuel Vehicles	1		Credit 3.1	Resource Reuse, Specify 5%	1
1	Credit 4.4	Alternative Transportation, Parking Capacity & Carpooling	1		Credit 3.2	Resource Reuse, Specify 10%	1
	Credit 5.1	Reduced Site Disturbance, Protect or Restore Open Space	1	1	Credit 4.1	Recycled Content, 5% (Post-consumer + 1/2 post-industrial)	1
1	Credit 5.2	Reduced Site Disturbance, Development Footprint	1	1	Credit 4.2	Recycled Content, 10% (Post-consumer + 1/2 post-industrial)	1
1	Credit 6.1	Stormwater Management, Rate & Quantity	1	1	Credit 5.1	Local/Regional Materials, 20% Manufactured Locally	1
1	Credit 6.2	Stormwater Management, Treatment	1	1	Credit 5.2	Local/Regional Materials, of 20% Above, 50% Harvested Locally	1
	Credit 7.1	Heat Island Effect, Non-Roof	1		Credit 6	Rapidly Renewable Materials	1
	Credit 7.2	Heat Island Effect, Roof	1		Credit 7	Certified Wood	1
1	Credit 8	Light Pollution Reduction	1				
		·		13	Indoor Environ	mental Quality Possible Points	15
4	Water Efficienc	y Possible Points:	5]			n
	_			Y	Prereq 1	Minimum IAQ Performance	
1	Credit 1.1	Water Efficient Landscaping,50% Reduction	1	Y	Prereq 2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	
1	Credit 1.2	Water Efficient Landscaping, No Potable Use or No Irrigation	1	1	Credit 1	Carbon Dioxide Monitoring	1
	Credit 2	Innovative Wastewater Technologies	1	1	Credit 2	Ventilation Effectiveness	1
1	Credit 3.1	Water Use Reduction, 20% Reduction	1	1	Credit 3.1	Construction IAQ Management Plan, During Construction	1
1	Credit 3.2	Water Use Reduction, 30% Reduction	1	1	Credit 3.2	Construction IAQ Management Plan, Before Occupancy	1
		·		1	Credit 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials, Adhesives & Sealants	1
6	6 Energy & Atmosphere Possible Points		17	1	Credit 4.2	Low-Emitting Materials, Paints and Coatings	1
	_				Credit 4.3	Low-Emitting Materials, Carpet	1
Y	Prereq 1	Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning		1	Credit 4.4	Low-Emitting Materials, Composite Wood & Agrifiber Products	1
Y	Prereq 2	Minimum Energy Performance		1	Credit 5	Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control	1
Y	Prereq 3	CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment		1	Credit 6.1	Controllability of Systems, Perimeter	1
1	Credit 1.1	Optimize Energy Performance, 15% New / 5% Existing	1		Credit 6.2	Controllability of Systems, Non-Perimeter	1
1	Credit 1.2	Optimize Energy Performance, 20% New / 10% Existing	1	1	Credit 7.1	Thermal Comfort, Comply with ASHRAE 55-1992	1
1	Credit 1.3	Optimize Energy Performance, 25% New / 15% Existing	1	1	Credit 7.2	Thermal Comfort, Permanent Monitoring System	1
	Credit 1.4	Optimize Energy Performance, 30% New / 20% Existing	1	1	Credit 8.1	Daylight & Views, Daylight 75% of Spaces	1
	Credit 1.5	Optimize Energy Performance, 35% New / 25% Existing	1	1	Credit 8.2	Daylight & Views, Views for 90% of Spaces	1
	Credit 1.6	Optimize Energy Performance, 40% New / 30% Existing	1			1	
	Credit 1.7	Optimize Energy Performance, 45% New / 35% Existing	1	5	Innovation & Design Process Possible Point		5
	Credit 1.8	Optimize Energy Performance, 50% New / 40% Existing	1				
	Credit 1.9	Optimize Energy Performance, 55% New / 45% Existing	1	1	Credit 1.1	Innovation in Design	1
	Credit 1.10	Optimize Energy Performance, 60% New / 50% Existing	1	1	Credit 1.2	Innovation in Design	1
	Credit 2.1	Renewable Energy, 5%	1	1	Credit 1.3	Innovation in Design	1
	Credit 2.2	Renewable Energy, 10%	1	1	Credit 1.4	Innovation in Design	1
	Credit 2.3	Renewable Energy, 20%	1	1	Credit 2	LEED [®] Accredited Professional	1
1	Credit 3	Additional Commissioning	1	1	-		+
1	Credit 4	Ozone Protection	1	1			
	Credit 5	Measurement & Verification	1	1			

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